

SECTION 22 0719 - PLUMBING PIPING INSULATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Piping insulation.
- B. Jackets and accessories.

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Drawings and General Provisions of the Contract apply to this section.

1.03 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM A 666 - Standard Specification for Annealed or Cold-Worked Austenitic Stainless Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Flat Bar.
- B. ASTM B 209 - Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate.
- C. ASTM B 209M - Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate (Metric).
- D. ASTM C 177 - Standard Test Method for Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Guarded Hot Plate Apparatus.
- E. ASTM C 195 - Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Thermal Insulating Cement.
- F. ASTM C 449/C 449M - Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Hydraulic-Setting Thermal Insulating and Finishing Cement.
- G. ASTM C 518 - Standard Test Method for Steady-State Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus.
- H. ASTM C 533 - Standard Specification for Calcium Silicate Block and Pipe Thermal Insulation.
- I. ASTM C 534 - Standard Specification for Preformed Flexible Elastomeric Cellular Thermal Insulation in Sheet and Tubular Form.
- J. ASTM C 547 - Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Pipe Insulation.
- K. ASTM C 552 - Standard Specification for Cellular Glass Thermal Insulation.
- L. ASTM C 585 - Standard Practice for Inner and Outer Diameters of Rigid Thermal Insulation for Nominal Sizes of Pipe and Tubing (NPS System).

- M. ASTM C 795 - Standard Specification for Thermal Insulation for Use in Contact with Austenitic Stainless Steel.
- N. ASTM D 1056 - Standard Specification for Flexible Cellular Materials--Sponge or Expanded Rubber.
- O. ASTM D 2842 - Standard Test Method for Water Absorption of Rigid Cellular Plastics.
- P. ASTM E 84 - Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.
- Q. ASTM E 96/E 96M - Standard Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials.
- R. NFPA 255 - Standard Method of Test of Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; National Fire Protection Association.
- S. UL 723 - Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; Underwriters Laboratories Inc.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide product description, thermal characteristics, list of materials and thickness for each service, and locations.
- B. Samples: Submit two samples of any representative size illustrating each insulation type.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate installation procedures that ensure acceptable workmanship and installation standards will be achieved.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with not less than three years of documented experience.
- B. Applicator Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the type of work specified in this section with minimum three years of experience.

1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND PROTECTION

- A. Accept materials on site, labeled with manufacturer's identification, product density, and thickness.

1.07 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Maintain ambient conditions required by manufacturers of each product.
- B. Maintain temperature before, during, and after installation for minimum of 24 hours.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL PRODUCTS OF THIS SECTION

- A. Surface Burning Characteristics: Flame spread/Smoke developed index of 25/50, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E 84, NFPA 255, or UL 723.

2.02 GLASS FIBER

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Knauf Fiber Glass
 - 2. Johns Manville Corporation
 - 3. Owens Corning Corp.
 - 4. CertainTeed Corporation;
- B. Insulation: ASTM C 547 and ASTM C 795; rigid molded, noncombustible.
 - 1. 'K' value: ASTM C 177, 0.24 at 75 degrees F.
 - 2. Maximum service temperature: 850 degrees F.
 - 3. Maximum moisture absorption: 0.2 percent by volume.
- C. Vapor Barrier Jacket: White kraft paper with glass fiber yarn, bonded to aluminized film; moisture vapor transmission when tested in accordance with ASTM E 96/E 96M of 0.02 perm-inches.
- D. Tie Wire: 0.048 inch stainless steel with twisted ends on maximum 12 inch centers.
- E. Vapor Barrier Lap Adhesive:
 - 1. Compatible with insulation.
- F. Insulating Cement/Mastic:
 - 1. ASTM C 195; hydraulic setting on mineral wool.
- G. Fibrous Glass Fabric:
 - 1. Cloth: Untreated; 9 oz./sq. yd. weight.
 - 2. Blanket: 1.0 lb./cu. ft. density.

3. Weave: Maximum 10 x 20.
- H. Indoor Vapor Barrier Finish:
1. Cloth: Untreated; 9 oz./sq. yd. weight.
 2. Vinyl emulsion type acrylic, compatible with insulation, black color.
- I. Outdoor Vapor Barrier Mastic:
1. Vinyl emulsion type acrylic or mastic, compatible with insulation, black color.
- J. Outdoor Breather Mastic:
1. Vinyl emulsion type acrylic or mastic, compatible with insulation, black color.
- K. Insulating Cement:
1. ASTM C 449/C 449M.

2.03 CELLULAR GLASS

- A. Manufacturers:
1. Pittsburgh Corning Corporation
- B. Insulation: ASTM C 552, Grade 1.
1. 'K' value: 0.37 at 100 degrees F.
 2. Service Temperature: Up to 900 degrees F.
 3. Water Vapor Permeability: 0.005 perm inch.
 4. Water Absorption: 0.2 percent by volume, maximum.

2.04 FLEXIBLE ELASTOMERIC CELLULAR INSULATION

- A. Manufacturer:
1. Armacell International
 2. Rubatex
 3. Halstead

B. Insulation: Preformed flexible elastomeric cellular rubber insulation complying with ASTM C 534, use molded tubular material wherever possible.

1. Minimum Service Temperature: -40 degrees F.
2. Maximum Service Temperature: 220 degrees F.
3. Connection: Waterproof vapor barrier adhesive.

C. Elastomeric Foam Adhesive: Air dried, contact adhesive, compatible with insulation.

2.05 JACKETS

A. PVC Plastic.

1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Johns Manville Corporation
2. Jacket: One piece molded type fitting covers and sheet material, off-white color.
 - a. Minimum Service Temperature: 0 degrees F.
 - b. Maximum Service Temperature: 150 degrees F.
 - c. Moisture Vapor Permeability: 0.002 perm inch, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E 96/E 96M.
 - d. Thickness: 10 mil.
 - e. Connections: Brush on welding adhesive, or pressure sensitive color matching vinyl tape.
3. Covering Adhesive Mastic:
 - a. Compatible with insulation.

B. Canvas Jacket: UL listed 6 oz./sq. yd. plain weave cotton fabric treated with dilute fire retardant lagging adhesive.

1. Lagging Adhesive:
 - a. Manufacturers:
 - 1) Foster Products

- b. Compatible with insulation.
- C. Aluminum Jacket: ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M) formed aluminum sheet.
 - 1. Thickness: Minimum 0.016 inch sheet.
 - 2. Finish: Smooth.
 - 3. Joining: Longitudinal slip joints and 2 inch laps.
 - 4. Fittings: 0.016 inch thick die shaped fitting covers with factory attached protective liner.
 - 5. Metal Jacket Bands: 3/8 inch wide; 0.015 inch thick aluminum.
 - 6. Metal Jacket Bands: 3/8 inch wide; 0.010 inch thick stainless steel.
- D. Stainless Steel Jacket: ASTM A 666, Type 304 stainless steel.
 - 1. Thickness: Minimum 0.010 inch.
 - 2. Finish: Smooth.
 - 3. Metal Jacket Bands: 3/8 inch wide; 0.010 inch thick stainless steel.

2.06 HANDICAPPED-ACCESSIBLE LAVATORY INSULATION

- A. At contractor's option, flexible pipe insulation with PVC jacket may be used for trap and hot and cold piping exposed at lavatory.
- B. Insulation shall be McGuire Pro-Wrap, Brocar Products Trap Wrap, TCI Products Skal-Gard, or approved equal.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that piping has been tested before applying insulation materials.
- B. Verify that surfaces are clean and dry, with foreign material removed.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install in accordance with NAIMA National Insulation Standards.

- C. Exposed Piping: Locate insulation and cover seams in least visible locations.
- D. Insulated pipes conveying fluids below ambient temperature: Insulate entire system including fittings, valves, unions, flanges, strainers, flexible connections, pump bodies, and expansion joints.
- E. Glass fiber insulated pipes conveying fluids below ambient temperature:
 - 1. Provide vapor barrier jackets, factory-applied or field-applied. Secure with self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips with pressure sensitive adhesive. Secure with outward clinch expanding staples and vapor barrier mastic.
 - 2. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with molded insulation of like material and thickness as adjacent pipe. Finish with glass cloth and vapor barrier adhesive or PVC fitting covers.
- F. For hot piping conveying fluids 140 degrees F or less, do not insulate flanges and unions at equipment, but bevel and seal ends of insulation.
- G. For hot piping conveying fluids over 140 degrees F, insulate flanges and unions at equipment.
- H. Glass fiber insulated pipes conveying fluids above ambient temperature:
 - 1. Provide standard jackets, with or without vapor barrier, factory-applied or field-applied. Secure with self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips with pressure sensitive adhesive. Secure with outward clinch expanding staples.
 - 2. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material and thickness as adjoining pipe. Finish with glass cloth and adhesive or PVC fitting covers.
- I. Inserts and Shields:
 - 1. Application: Piping 1-1/2 inches diameter or larger.
 - 2. Shields: Galvanized steel between pipe hangers or pipe hanger rolls and inserts.
 - 3. Insert location: Between support shield and piping and under the finish jacket.
 - 4. Insert configuration: Minimum 6 inches long, of same thickness and contour as adjoining insulation; may be factory fabricated.
 - 5. Insert material: Hydrous calcium silicate insulation or other heavy density insulating material suitable for the planned temperature range.

- J. Continue insulation through walls, sleeves, pipe hangers, and other pipe penetrations. Finish at supports, protrusions, and interruptions.
- K. Pipe Exposed in Mechanical Equipment Rooms or Finished Spaces: Finish with canvas jacket sized for finish painting.
- L. Exterior Applications: Provide vapor barrier jacket. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material and thickness as adjoining pipe, and finish with glass mesh reinforced vapor barrier cement. Cover with aluminum jacket with seams located on bottom side of horizontal piping.
- M. Buried Piping: Provide factory fabricated assembly with inner all-purpose service jacket with self-sealing lap, and asphalt impregnated open mesh glass fabric, with one mil thick aluminum foil sandwiched between three layers of bituminous compound; outer surface faced with a polyester film.
- N. Insulation at grooved-end pipe couplings and flanged connections shall be full thickness of adjacent pipe insulation. Seal ends of insulation sections to provide continuous vapor barrier.
- O. Piping exposed to weather or ambient conditions, such as crawl space, shall be provided with additional 1 inch thickness of insulation.
- P. Piping insulated with fiberglass, cellular glass or calcium silicate, and exposed to weather, shall receive metal jacket.
- Q. Piping insulated with cellular foam, and exposed to weather, shall receive one coat of manufacturer's ultra-violet resistant coating.
- R. Insulation on existing piping and equipment disturbed by the new work shall be repaired and finished to match the original new condition.

3.03 SCHEDULES

A. Plumbing Systems:

- 1. Domestic Hot Water Supply:
 - a. Glass Fiber Insulation: 1/2 inch thick for piping up to 1 inch size, and 1 inch thick for larger sizes.
 - b. Cellular Glass Insulation:
 - 1) Pipe Size Range: All sizes.
 - 2) Thickness: 1 inch.

- c. Cellular Foam Insulation:
 - 1) 1/2 inch thick up to 1 inch pipe size, 1 inch thick in larger sizes.
- 2. Domestic Hot Water Recirculation:
 - a. Glass Fiber Insulation: Same as domestic hot water
- 3. Tempered Domestic Water Supply: Same as domestic hot water.
- 4. Tempered Domestic Water Recirculation: Same as domestic hot water.
- 5. Domestic Cold Water: Same as domestic hot water.
- 6. Roof Drain Bodies: 1 inch thick, all sizes.
- 7. Roof Drainage Above Grade: 1 inch thick, all sizes.

END OF SECTION 22 0719